

2017-2018
August / Level Exam
(11th & 12th Grades)

Bu testte 80 soru vardır. Cevaplama süreniz 120 dakikadır.

1-12. sorularda, cümlede boş bırakılan yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

1. Air pollution in big cities has become a/an ---- problem.

A) dense
B) gradual
C) immense
D) deliberate
E) ultimate

2. The Aral Sea in Asia, which was once the fourth largest lake on earth, has shrunk to over half its ---- size.

A) equal
B) former
C) artificial
D) gradual
E) present

3. Following the accident, Melinda worked ---- at her exercises, as she wanted very much to be able to walk again.

A) perseveringly
B) likely
C) relatively
D) simultaneously
E) hardly

4. Dilek was really surprised when she ---- Orhan on the top level of the Eiffel Tower.

A) took after
B) ran down
C) looked up
D) bumped into
E) passed out

5. After he ---- down the receiver, he ---- a great sigh of relief.

A) would have put / had given
B) had put / gave
C) put / will give
D) puts / has given
E) will put / will have given

6. We appreciate ---- the truth, but you ---- a degree in biology for this job.

A) having been told / must have
B) to be told / have had
C) to tell / will have had
D) to have told / should have
E) being told / used to have

7. Currently the health programme ---- only twenty villages, and another thirty ---- for assistance.

A) covers / are waiting
B) is covered / will be waiting
C) covered / have waited
D) can cover / waited
E) should be covered / will have waited

8. Wings allow birds and planes to fly by creating a difference ---- pressure ---- the top and bottom of the wing.

A) over / on
B) under / behind
C) among / at
D) to / during
E) in / between

9. The doctor told him that he should on no account start work ---- he'd made a complete recovery.

A) after
B) when
C) because
D) until
E) by the time

10. They encountered ---- difficulties during the expedition than they'd expected.

A) much less
B) far more
C) too many
D) so much
E) the most

11. One of the leading exponents of existentialism, Jean-Paul Sartre expressed his dedication to his philosophy ---- in what he wrote ---- in the way he lived his life.

- A) much / than B) neither / but
C) whether / or D) hardly / when
E) both / and

12. One can almost get swept along with the crowds at London Underground stations in the rush hour as virtually everyone appears to be ---- to get to work.

- A) in a hurry B) out of place
C) at first D) under control
E) in charge

13-17. sorularda, aşağıdaki parçada numaralanmış yerlere uygun düşen sözcük ya da ifadeyi bulunuz.

Chimamanda Ngozi Adichie is a contemporary writer from Nigeria. She went to the US to study. (13) ---- she had finished a master's degree in creative writing, she started one in African Studies at Yale University. She is the author of two books, and (14) ---- of them (15) ---- her prestigious awards. The title of the second one, *Half of a Yellow Sun*, refers (16) ---- the flag of the short-lived Republic of Biafra. Her literary achievements have made her a/an (17) ---- writer.

13.
A) Once B) By the time
C) Only if D) Wherever
E) In case

14.
A) the others B) both
C) any D) another
E) either

15.

- A) would be winning B) have won
C) will have won D) are being won
E) have been won

16.

- A) of B) in
C) to D) at
E) on

17.

- A) acclaimed B) spacious
C) weary D) irrelevant
E) massive

18-25. sorularda, verilen cümleyi uygun şekilde tamamlayan ifadeyi bulunuz.

18. Over 10 percent of adults have pretended ---- just in order to appear intelligent.

- A) having graduated from a university
B) received a high score from an IQ test
C) to have read some classic literature
D) know more than a single language
E) to be joined in a discussion on science

19. Alex only recalled that he had an important message for Catalina ----.

- A) until something else has distracted his attention
B) so he is rushing over to her office to tell it to her
C) after she had left for her night shift at the hospital
D) unless it was on his mind for the whole of last night
E) by the time his computer automatically reminded him

20. Companies around the world are hiring fewer workers ----.

- A) even though they are demanding high salaries
- B) in case the economy continues to slow down
- C) unless they already have as many as they need
- D) ever since they became worried about the future
- E) for fear that there are too many jobs for them to do

21. ----, I still wouldn't be able to make it to my cousin's wedding because I can't afford the plane ticket.

- A) Aware that the wedding was in two days
- B) Even if I did have the time off
- C) Since he is my favourite cousin
- D) Wishing that I had more money
- E) If it wasn't on such short notice

22. Whenever I hear a fog horn, ---- when I lived on the coast of Maine.

- A) they provide an audible warning of dangers to ships
- B) in the coastal town where I spent my childhood
- C) I am reminded of the misty nights by the seaside
- D) we decided to cancel our ferry trip to the islands
- E) I know fog is different from mist only in terms of its density

23. There have been many attempts at flying around the world in a hot air balloon, ----.

- A) where many have begun successful trips
- B) so it is a journey that is full of danger
- C) so that people from many nations have made the attempt
- D) whose experience determines whether they'll succeed or not
- E) but only a few have been successful

24. ----, though the former are the ones most commonly associated with the term.

- A) The two varieties of nomads are known as pastoral nomads and wandering nomads
- B) Both René Descartes and Baruch Spinoza are considered rationalist philosophers
- C) The world's urban population is increasing at a phenomenal rate every year
- D) The violoncello and the double bass are actually descended from different musical instrument families
- E) Only Real Madrid and FC Barcelona have so far won the Spanish La Liga more than 10 times

25. The Model 76 Voyager was the first aircraft ----.

- A) when it was to be piloted by the experienced solo flyer Dick Rutan
- B) being made of light materials like fiberglass and Kevlar
- C) having reached a height of 3,400 meters above the ground
- D) to fly all the way around the world without refuelling
- E) took off from a remote runway in the Mojave Desert

26-28. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The temperature in Chicago is rarely above 0°C in winter. But the city's hotels are still 61% full. Though tour boats don't run then, visitors can still take guided tours. Millennium Park is the highlight of the city. Regardless of the weather, it seems nobody visits Chicago without taking a picture of that park's Cloud Gate. The city also has a lot for families who do not want to deal with the weather. There are numerous museums. These include the Museum of Science and Industry, which may sound pretty dull, but is quite the opposite. They are even more appealing in the winter, when the crowds are thinner. Hotels around the city are much cheaper in winter, and also offer further seasonal advantages such as free breakfasts and parking.

26. It is understood from the passage that, in Chicago in the summer, ----.

- A) hotel guests have to pay for their morning meals
- B) the Cloud Gate doesn't look as good as it does in winter
- C) it is impossible to find a hotel room without making a reservation
- D) few people visit the Museum of Science and Industry
- E) it is difficult to get inside Millennium Park

27. It is clear from the passage that Cloud Gate ----.

- A) cannot be photographed legally
- B) is where the tour boats stop
- C) protects people from cold weather
- D) receives a great number of visitors
- E) is nowhere near the city's museums

28. The writer of the passage seems to think that ----.

- A) cold weather must always be avoided
- B) Chicago is the best city in the United States
- C) the Museum of Science and Industry is worth visiting
- D) Millennium Park is not as great as people say it is
- E) too many people visit Chicago in winter

29-31. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Herodotus claims that the Phoenicians had sailed all the way around Africa. Now, a group are preparing to try and sail around Africa in a vessel modelled on an ancient Phoenician one. The only piece of modern sailing equipment on it is its navigational system. The year-long voyage will take the crew into some of the most dangerous waters in the world. As well as sailing round the southernmost tip of Africa, they are preparing to deal with assaults by pirates and long periods of waiting for favourable winds. The captain predicts they have a 70% chance of completing the voyage successfully. The ship will be crewed by a largely British team of volunteers, some of whom have never done anything similar.

29. It is stated in the passage that the crew ----.

- A) has been chosen for the voyage by the vessel's captain
- B) contains people inexperienced for such a journey
- C) are confident that the trip will be successful
- D) is made up of people who all come from Britain
- E) believe that the Phoenicians sailed all the way around Africa

30. We learn from the passage that the captain of the vessel ----.

- A) has been waiting for a suitable wind in order to set off
- B) has read Herodotus' account of the Phoenicians
- C) was the person who designed it
- D) is of British nationality
- E) is aware that the expedition may fail

31. It can be understood from the passage that the vessel ----.

- A) is going to be most at risk at the southern end of Africa
- B) is exactly the same as an ancient Phoenician one
- C) might be attacked while it is on its journey
- D) is already approaching southern Africa
- E) will only complete about two-thirds of its voyage

32-34. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

In the rush to school and work, many people miss out on breakfast. However, eating it improves mental performance and puts people in a better mood. Some people believe that missing breakfast may help them lose weight. However, the biggest problem is that people who miss breakfast often try to make up for it at work, where limited choices lead to the consumption of high sugar foods, like candy bars. In a study of teenagers, those who skipped breakfast weighed on average 2.5kg more than those who didn't. This was despite the fact that the eaters of breakfast consumed more calories during the day. They were, however, likely to be much more active.

- 32. It is implied in the passage that, on average, people who eat breakfast ----.**
- A) eat much less during the rest of the day
 B) do not care what their weight is
 C) may be considerably more energetic
 D) do not eat food with sugar in it
 E) weigh themselves less often
- 33. It can be concluded from the passage that a person who misses breakfast in the morning ----.**
- A) refuses to eat anything at work
 B) is more likely to be bad-tempered
 C) at home will eat a proper one at work
 D) ought to eat a candy bar later in the day
 E) does not eat enough during the day
- 34. It is understood from the passage that one reason why people miss breakfast is that ----.**
- A) it is too hard to prepare
 B) they are in a bad mood
 C) it is the most fattening meal
 D) they would rather eat candy bars
 E) they have busy lives

35-37. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

The city of Persepolis was the capital of the Persian Empire back when it stretched from Greece to India. Built by Darius and his son Xerxes the Great around 500 BCE, it is a complex of palaces. They felt so confident that they didn't see the need to fortify the city. Grand tombs were cut into a nearby mountain. In 333 BCE, Persepolis was captured and burned by Alexander the Great, and has been in ruins ever since. I saw more Western tourists at Persepolis than at any other site in Iran. All of them saw great tourism potential for Iran. But I was most struck by the local people who travel here to connect with their heritage. At the sight, you get a strong appreciation for the enduring strength of this culture and its people.

- 35. It can be concluded from the passage that the narrator ----.**
- A) admired the confidence of Darius and Xerxes the Great
 B) does not believe that Iran has much potential for tourism
 C) preferred Persepolis to anywhere else in Iran that he went to
 D) has ancestors who were originally from Iran
 E) feels there is a link between Persepolis and modern Iran
- 36. We understand from the passage that Darius and Xerxes the Great ----.**
- A) were the greatest ever rulers of Iran
 B) needlessly put up walls around Persepolis
 C) did not expect their city to be attacked
 D) conquered both Greece and India
 E) are buried close to Persepolis
- 37. We learn from the passage that Persepolis ----.**
- A) was not rebuilt after being destroyed by Alexander the Great
 B) receives more local tourists than any other place in Iran
 C) does not have any burial places near it
 D) had more Western than Iranian tourists at it when the narrator went
 E) was the first city to be built by Darius and Xerxes the Great

38-40. soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız.

Soon after rock band Pink Floyd's first album was released in 1967, Syd Barrett—the band's singer and guitarist—began to collapse under the pressure of sudden fame. He grew to be highly unpredictable on stage, sometimes playing only one note on his guitar, sometimes simply staring into space for the whole show. His old friend, David Gilmour, was asked to join the band to cover up for Barrett's odd behaviour. Eventually, though, the other band members decided to dismiss him as a performer, keeping him as a songwriter instead. But Barrett withdrew more and more, and was admitted into a mental hospital. He did manage, just barely, to release two solo albums in 1970—produced by Gilmour, whose production emphasized Barrett's bad mental state—but after that, he went into isolation at his mother's house, where he died in 2006.

38. According to the passage, Syd Barrett ----.

- A) was the founder of the band Pink Floyd
- B) has always been an unpredictable person
- C) wrote the majority of Pink Floyd's early songs
- D) had problems with being very popular
- E) could not actually play the guitar very well

39. We can understand from the passage that the other members of the band ----.

- A) did not like Syd Barrett's singing
- B) were reluctant to release Syd Barrett from the group
- C) thought that David Gilmour was better on the guitar
- D) did not deal with Syd Barrett fairly
- E) were not as successful without Syd Barrett

40. It can be concluded from the passage that ----.

- A) Syd Barrett had a difficult time recording his solo albums
- B) David Gilmour produced most of Pink Floyd's albums
- C) Pink Floyd has attempted to contact Syd Barrett several times since 1970
- D) David Gilmour sometimes behaved quite oddly himself
- E) Syd Barrett once fell down on stage during a Pink Floyd concert

41-45. sorularda, karşılıklı konuşmanın boş bırakılan kısmını tamamlayabilecek ifadeyi bulunuz.

41. Hugh:

- I wouldn't use the carton of milk in the fridge if I were you.

Dennis:

- Why not?

Hugh:

- ----

Dennis:

- Thanks for telling me, as it would have ruined my cornflakes.

- A) Don't touch that packet of cornflakes, either.
- B) It belongs to my very aggressive flat mate.
- C) Because there is no longer anything in it.
- D) I remember it smelling quite bad yesterday.
- E) It got dropped onto the floor yesterday.

42. Rachael:

- Have you worked out who the person in that old photograph is?

Brigit:

- No, I haven't been able to yet.

Rachael:

- ----

Brigit:

- It can't be, as I remember all my old classmates.

- A) In the background of it is you, and you look like a student.
- B) You could get a person from one of your old classes to help you remember.
- C) It's possible that it's someone you studied at school with.
- D) I think it is of someone who worked in your college.
- E) The picture looks as if it was taken on the day of your graduation.

43. Fergus:

- How did you find whitewater rafting?

Dean:

- It was really scary.

Fergus:

- ----

Dean:

- Actually, I probably will, as I enjoy being frightened.

- A) But you like the thrill of fear very much, don't you?
- B) Do you wish you hadn't planned to go down the river, then?
- C) Does this mean that you intend to leave this adventure sports vacation early?
- D) So am I right in thinking that you won't want to do it again?
- E) In that case, shouldn't you go down a less scary section of the river?

44. Alicia:

- How much does it cost to rent a car here?

Representative:

- €35 for the 24 hours starting from now.

Alicia:

- ----

Representative:

- Yes, but only if you are going to keep it for over three days.

- A) If I take one for longer, will it work out any cheaper for me?
- B) Do you want me to pay in advance, or when I return it?
- C) Are you the only car hire firm with such an attractive price?
- D) Is it possible for me to hold onto the car for as long as I want?
- E) When I bring it back on Sunday, can I pay you by credit card?

45. Catherine:

- Hasn't anyone suggested a way for you to solve your problem with your father?

Justin:

- Actually, two people have, but their advice is very different.

Catherine:

- ----

Justin:

- Probably Sylvia's, as it seems to be the most sensible to me.

- A) Well, whose are you going to follow?
- B) Could you tell me what they suggested?
- C) Did you get any advice from Sylvia?
- D) Who appears to want to help you the most?
- E) Will you speak to anyone else about it?

46-50. sorularda, verilen cümleye anlamca en yakın cümleyi bulunuz.

46. However much effort the gymnast put into her training, she could never be satisfied with herself.

- A) The gymnast was not happy with the difficult way in which she had to push herself to practise harder.
- B) The gymnast was never pleased with her own abilities, even though she worked extremely hard at developing them.
- C) In her head, the gymnast was constantly scolding herself for her lack of ability and for being the laziest gymnast ever.
- D) The gymnast was physically weak, so she decided to spend little time on trying to improve her skills any further.
- E) Although the gymnast performed extremely well during the training, her performance at competitions was disappointing.

47. If you're really in need of relaxation, nothing is better than a lengthy massage.

- A) You'd like something like a relaxing massage to relieve all that stress, wouldn't you?
- B) If you've had a lengthy massage already, you can't be so stressed.
- C) I'll book you an intensive massage at the spa if you're feeling so tense.
- D) A very long massage is the best thing for a severely stressed body and mind.
- E) You'd better have a lengthy massage soon if you don't want to become all knotted up with stress.

48. The faster you write that report, the more likely a mistake will be made in it.

- A) It is very probable that you will make an error in that report, as you are writing it at such speed.
- B) You must be mistaken that the report was written at a great speed.
- C) The probability of your making an error in the report increases with the quick pace with which you write it.
- D) You may well write something wrong in that report, but write it at a high speed.
- E) The error you have made in the report probably comes from your writing it so quickly.

49. One of the speeches in Act III was strange, but otherwise, the play was excellent.

- A) It was strange that there was a speech in Act III, but even so, the play was wonderful.
- B) Except for an odd speech in Act III, the play was really good.
- C) In the play, one of Act III's speeches was unusual, but the others were great.
- D) Owing to a weird speech in Act III, the play wasn't really any good.
- E) The play was fantastic due to the mysterious speech in Act III.

50. Patrick didn't want to sell the grand piano, but he was badly in need of some money.

- A) Since he refused to sell the grand piano, Patrick remained extremely short of cash.
- B) Patrick really had to get some cash, but he decided not to sell the grand piano.
- C) Patrick really must find some cash, because he said that he wouldn't sell the grand piano.
- D) In the end, Patrick kept the grand piano, but he did something unwise to find some cash.
- E) Desperately requiring some cash, Patrick reluctantly put the grand piano up for sale.

51-55. sorularda, verilen durumda söylenmiş olabilecek sözü bulunuz.

51. Your mother has told your sister to vacuum the carpet and you to clean the windows. As you are afraid of heights but want to behave justly towards your sister, you say to her: ----

- A) Aren't you scared of leaning out of the windows, too?
- B) Why don't I do the job you've been given, while you do mine?
- C) If you end up cleaning the windows, make sure to use that soap there.
- D) I would have thought that mother understood your and my feelings better.
- E) Once I've forced myself to do the windows, I'll help you do the carpet.

52. You have gone to visit your friend. His mother directs you to his bedroom, and, when you enter, your friend is sitting on the bed and you can see that there are tears in his eyes. As you are not sure if he wants you to be there, you ask him: ----

- A) How long have you been sitting here on your own for?
- B) What on earth are you crying about now?
- C) Why do you want me to leave you on your own?
- D) Are you still upset that I haven't come over recently?
- E) Would you like to tell me what the matter is, or shall I leave you alone?

53. You and your flatmate want to bake a cake, but there is no margarine. As it is raining, neither of you is going to go to the shop, but you do not want to give up on cooking the cake either. Finding a solution, you suggest:

- A) Shall we just try and cook something instead of a cake, then?
- B) I don't mind going to the store, if you do the baking.
- C) Why don't we ask our neighbour next door if she has any margarine?
- D) Let's go to the shop together, so we can share the task equally.
- E) You ought to replace the things in the fridge that you use up.

54. You need a new textbook for this year, and your friend offers you her old one. You are interested, but when you look at it, you see that all of the answers are marked in it. You appreciate her offer, but you explain to her why the book will not be suitable by saying: ----

- A) Unfortunately, this will not encourage me to do the work myself.
- B) I can't believe how many mistakes you made even on the first page.
- C) Sorry, but in general I don't like old textbooks very much.
- D) It's insulting that you think I'll need your answers to pass this course.
- E) If you were a real friend, you'd just buy me a brand new copy.

55. You are in a beautiful city crowded with tourists. You are with a friend who wants a photograph of the two of you. The only possible way is for you to give the camera to a passerby, but you have heard that cameras often get stolen that way. As you value the camera very highly, you say to him:

- A) My arm isn't long enough to take a picture of both of us.
- B) We could ask that person over there to take our picture.
- C) It's hard to believe that there could be so many thieves in such a lovely place, isn't it?
- D) I'd rather we didn't have a picture of ourselves together than we lost the camera.
- E) Let's get that man to photograph us and take the risk that he's a thief.

56-60. sorularda, boş bırakılan yere parçada anlam bütünlüğünü sağlamak için getirilebilecek cümleyi bulunuz.

56. A great deal of nonsense is written about characters in fiction. Some people just believe in them too much, and have too-strong opinions about what characters are. ---- If he or she is not, for example, the book tends to receive negative criticism from a wide range of readers.

- A) In fact, not much description is needed for one.
- B) They want to see their character develop in the book.
- C) The idea that the main character must be nice is central to this misconception.
- D) Others, however, give them little importance.
- E) These readers want to be able to relate to them.

57. 99942 Apophis is an asteroid that caused concern in December 2004. ---- Although it was only a 2.7% chance, with the fate of the world at stake, experts were obviously worried. However, further observations since then have found that the risk is, in fact, considerably lower.

- A) Asteroids have caused serious damage on Earth at many times in the past.
- B) Scientists regularly track the paths of large objects, such as asteroids, as they move through space.
- C) Most normal people thought that a risk of under 5% wasn't worth being too bothered about.
- D) Some amateur astronomers suspected it of being an alien spacecraft which could have attacked the human race.
- E) This was because initial observations indicated a possibility that it would strike our planet in 2029.

58. The city of Djibouti is the capital and largest city of the Republic of Djibouti. ---- For instance, it is a major sea port, and it has been linked to the capital of Ethiopia by rail for almost a century.

- A) Flying into the international airport is one way to arrive there.
- B) On one side is the Gulf of Aden, which is a significant international waterway.
- C) Most of the population of the small country lives and works in the city.
- D) This urban area is a major point for regional transportation.
- E) It is easy for a person from this place to travel inland to Ethiopia.

59. Two old stars, BP Piscium and Tycho 4144 329 2, may be experiencing a second period of planet formation. ---- These were probably destroyed when the stars expanded. This expansion caused matter to be ejected from the stars, and this matter is now a disc of gas and dust from which these new planets may form.

- A) Astronomers believe the stars had planets around them once before.
- B) Scientists cannot be certain of their existence, however.
- C) Both of the stars have some similarities to young stars.
- D) This gives hope to those who believe in alien life forms.
- E) Of course, our own solar system has only had one such period.

60. Edwin A. Abbott's masterpiece of mathematical fiction, *Flatland: A Romance of Many Dimensions*, was first published in 1884. ---- After describing life in his homeland, he travels, in turn, to Spaceland (three dimensions), Lineland (one dimension), and Pointland (no dimensions). When he starts to imagine a land of four dimensions, however, he is sent back home for daring to have such a revolutionary idea.

- A) The book is still respected as a satire on the social hierarchy of the Britain of Abbott's time.
- B) "Dimension" is a Latin word that means, literally, "measured out".
- C) Abbott wrote several other books as well, mostly in the fields of theology and philology.
- D) It describes the journeys of A. Square, a resident of the two-dimensional realm of Flatland.
- E) *Flatland* is highly popular among mathematics and computer science students to this day.

61-66. sorularda, verilen İngilizce cümleye anlamca en yakın Türkçe cümleyi bulunuz.

61. Tirana, the capital of Albania, is one of those rare cities in which the trees are taller than the buildings.

- A) Arnavutluk'un başkenti Tiran, binaların ağaçlar kadar yüksek olmadığı eşsiz bir kenttir.
- B) Arnavutluk'un başkenti Tiran, ağaçların binalardan daha yüksek olduğu nadir şehirlerden biridir.
- C) Arnavutluk'un başkenti Tiran'da olduğu gibi, ağaçların binalardan daha yüksek olduğu çok az sayıda şehir vardır.
- D) Arnavutluk'un başkenti Tiran, binaların boyunu geçen ağaçlarıyla hayranlık uyandıran bir şehirdir.
- E) Arnavutluk'un başkenti Tiran, ağaçların binaların boyunu geçtiği bir kent olma özelliği taşımaktadır.

62. Alice's Adventures in Wonderland consists of the stories that Lewis Carroll told in order to amuse his friend's daughter, Alice.

- A) Lewis Carroll tarafından yazılan *Alice Harikalar Diyarında*, yazarın bir dostunun kızı olan Alice'in başından geçen eğlenceli olayları anlatmaktadır.
- B) Lewis Carroll, bir dostunun kızı olan Alice'i eğlendirmek için anlattığı öyküleri *Alice Harikalar Diyarında* adlı kitapta toplamıştır.

- C) Alice adlı bir kızın başından geçenleri anlatan öyküler Lewis Carroll'ın yazdığı *Alice Harikalar Diyarında*'nın içeriğini oluşturmaktadır.
- D) *Alice Harikalar Diyarında*, Lewis Carroll'ın bir dostunun kızı olan Alice'i oyalamak amacıyla anlattığı öykülerden oluşmaktadır.
- E) Lewis Carroll'ın bir dostunun kızı olan Alice'i eğlendirmek için anlattığı öyküler *Alice Harikalar Diyarında* adlı kitabın yazılmasını sağlamıştır.

63. Crows have much more natural intelligence than is necessary to survive in their ecological environments.

- A) Fazlasıyla zeki olan kargalar, bu sayede kendi ekolojik ortamlarında hayatta kalmayı başarırlar.
- B) Kargaların doğal zekâsı oldukça fazla olduğu için kendi ekolojik ortamlarında kolayca yaşarlar.
- C) Kargalar kendi ekolojik ortamlarında sağ kalmaları için gerekenden çok daha fazla doğal zekâya sahiptir.
- D) Kendi ekolojik ortamlarında hayatta kalmayı başaran kargalar bunu doğal zekâlarının fazla oluşuna borçludur.
- E) Kargaların bulunduğu ekolojik ortamlar aslında onların sahip olduğu düzeyde doğal zekâ gerektirmemektedir.

64. Taxidermy can only be carried out with sufficient knowledge, skill and expertise.

- A) Hayvan postunu doldurma sanatını icra etmek için yalnızca bilgi değil, beceri ve ustalık da gereklidir.
- B) Ancak yeterli bilgi, beceri ve ustalığa sahip olanlar hayvan postunu doldurma sanatıyla uğraşabilirler.
- C) Hayvan postunu doldurma sanatı, ancak yeterli bilgi, beceri ve ustalıklarla icra edilebilir.
- D) Bilgi, beceri ve ustalık, hayvan postunu doldurma sanatının vazgeçilmez koşullarıdır.
- E) Hayvan postunu doldurma sanatıyla uğraşmak, yeterli bilgi, beceri ve ustalık ister.

65. Modern scientific etymology is based on the methods and findings of historical and comparative linguistics.

- A) Tarihsel ve karşılaştırmalı dilbilimin yöntemlerine ve bulgularına dayanan bilim, modern etimolojidir.
- B) Tarihsel ve karşılaştırmalı dilbilimin yöntemleri ve bulguları modern bilimsel etimolojiyi desteklemektedir.
- C) Modern bilimsel etimoloji ve karşılaştırmalı dilbilimin tarihi ve yöntemleri birbirine benzer.
- D) Modern bilimsel etimoloji, tarihsel ve karşılaştırmalı dilbilimin yöntemlerine ve bulgularına dayanır.
- E) Modern bilimsel etimoloji, dilbilimin tarihsel ve karşılaştırmalı yöntem ve bulgularından faydalanır.

66. Some psychologists regard conditioned reflexes as fundamental in human development, especially in child training.

- A) Bazı psikologlara göre, insanın özellikle çocuk yaşta gelişimi, büyük bir oranda şartlı reflekslere dayanmaktadır.
- B) Bazı psikologlar, şartlı refleksleri insanın gelişiminde, özellikle de çocuğun eğitiminde, temel olarak kabul ediyorlar.
- C) Psikologların bazı çocuklar üzerinde yaptıkları çalışmalar, şartlı reflekslerin eğitimde çok önemli olduğunu göstermiştir.
- D) Bazı psikologlar da dahil olmak üzere pek çok insan, çocuğun eğitiminin şartlı reflekslerle sağlandığına inanmaktadır.
- E) İnsanın gelişimini inceleyen bazı psikologlar, çocuğun eğitiminde şartlı reflekslerin temel alınmasını savunmaktadır.

67-72. sorularda, verilen Türkçe cümleye anlamca en yakın İngilizce cümleyi bulunuz.

67. Goethe yaklaşık altmış yıl sürekli üzerinde çalıştıktan sonra *Faust*'u ölümünden bir yıl önce, 1831'de bitirmiştir.

- A) Having worked on *Faust* continually for over sixty years, Goethe managed to finish it in 1831, just a year before he died.
- B) When Goethe finished *Faust* in 1831, a year before his death, he had been working on it continually for over sixty years.
- C) Goethe, who had worked on *Faust* continually for about sixty years, was able to finish it in 1831, a year before he died.
- D) It wasn't until 1831, a year before he died, that Goethe finished *Faust*, which he had worked on continually for about sixty years.
- E) After continually working on it for almost sixty years, Goethe finished *Faust* in 1831, a year before his death.

68. Sayısız depreme dayanan Ayasofya'nın sağlamlığının, harcına katılan volkanik külden kaynaklandığı söylenmektedir.

- A) Rumour has it that the volcanic ash in its mortar has helped Hagia Sophia to survive a number of earthquakes.
- B) Because the volcanic ash in its mortar strengthened it, Hagia Sophia has survived numerous major earthquakes intact.
- C) Hagia Sophia is said to have been strong enough to survive several earthquakes due to the volcanic ash added to its mortar.
- D) It is said that the durability of Hagia Sophia, which has withstood numerous earthquakes, results from the volcanic ash added to its mortar.
- E) Without the volcanic ash in its mortar, Hagia Sophia could not have withstood so many major earthquakes.

69. Birçok empresyonist gibi, Monet resimlerinde trenleri endüstri çağını betimlemek için kullanmıştır.

- A) Most of the Impressionists painted trains to represent the industrial age, and Monet did the same.
- B) Like many Impressionists, Monet used trains in his paintings to represent the industrial age.
- C) Many Impressionists, including Monet, painted trains as a symbol of the industrial age.
- D) In Monet's paintings, like those of the other Impressionists, trains always symbolized the industrial age.
- E) Trains usually represented the industrial age in Monet's paintings as well as in those of other Impressionists.

70. Bilim insanları, nüfusu elli bini aşan bir şehirde hava kirliliğinin neredeyse kaçınılmaz olduğunu savunuyorlar.

- A) Scientists claim that air pollution begins to pose a problem when the population of a town exceeds 50,000.
- B) According to some scientists, a town with a population of more than 50,000 will inevitably be suffering from air pollution.
- C) It is explained by scientists that a town is under threat from air pollution only when its population exceeds 50,000.
- D) As scientists state, it is nearly impossible for a town with a population of 50,000 not to have air pollution.
- E) Scientists argue that air pollution is almost inevitable in a town with a population exceeding 50,000.

71. Yangın durumunda herkes kendisine en yakın olan acil çıkış kapısına gitmelidir.

- A) In the event of fire, everybody should make their way to the emergency exit closest to them.
- B) Those who are nearest to the emergency exits will be able to escape from the fire first.

- C) If there is a fire, don't stand too near the emergency exits or you'll block them.
- D) In case of fire, everybody will find their way to the nearest emergency exit themselves.
- E) Everybody wants to have an emergency exit close to them so that they can get away quickly in case of fire.

72. Parlak zekası ve cazibesıyla tanınan Emma Thompson, 1990'ların başarılı film yıldızlarından biriydi.

- A) Emma Thompson, known for her brilliant wit and charm, was one of the accomplished film actresses of the 1990s.
- B) Well-known for her brilliant wit and charm, the film actress Emma Thompson accomplished the most in the 1990s.
- C) Emma Thompson accomplished success in the 1990s by making charming and witty films.
- D) The accomplished film actress of the 1990s, Emma Thompson was well-known for her brilliant sense of humour and charm.
- E) The charming and witty actress Emma Thompson accomplished success in films during the 1990s.

73-77. sorularda, cümleler sırasıyla okunduğunda parçanın anlam bütünlüğünü bozan cümleyi bulunuz.

73. (I) The British geologist and astronomer John Michell is considered the father of seismology, the science of earthquakes. (II) Earthquakes occur every day on the Earth. (III) The vast majority of them are minor and cause no damage. (IV) Large earthquakes can cause serious destruction and massive loss of life. (V) They usually have a substantial initial tremor, followed by numerous smaller tremors that are called aftershocks.

- A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

74. (I) Henry Ford founded the Ford Motor Company in 1903. (II) His son, and then his grandson, took over the presidency of the company after he died. (III) He introduced many of the methods of assembly-line production now copied all over the world. (IV) The most famous result was the 'Model T' Ford, the first motor vehicle made for a mass market in 1908. (V) It was cheaper and more reliable than any of its rivals and by 1925, Ford was producing 10,000 cars a day.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

75. (I) In Venezuela, literacy is at 92 percent and is still rising. (II) Preschool and nine years of basic education are free and compulsory. (III) Secondary education is less well developed, providing places for less than half of all 13-17 year olds. (IV) Health services are excellent and compare favourably with those of more developed countries. (V) The country has numerous institutions of higher learning.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

76. (I) Camillo Benso, Conte di Cavour was a powerful politician in the nation of Piedmont-Sardinia. (II) He played a leading role in bringing the various states of the Italian peninsula together. (III) However, he died only three months after the majority of them had been united into a single kingdom. (IV) He then went on to try and extend the borders of it. (V) However, he didn't live to see Venice or Rome become part of this new country.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

77. (I) The Art Institute of Chicago paid \$125,000 for a sculpture in 1997. (II) It assumed it had been made by the 19th-century artist Paul Gauguin. (III) The artist got into trouble while he was in the Marquesas Islands and was sentenced to prison. (IV) However, it had actually been created by a British man, who falsely mislabelled it. (V) He was therefore put in jail.

A) I B) II C) III D) IV E) V

78-80.soruları aşağıdaki parçaya göre cevaplayınız ve bu soruların cevaplarını cevap kağıdınızdaki ilgili alana sola dayalı olarak yazıp kodlayınız.

Julius Caesar was a Roman military and political leader whom conquest of Gaul extended the Roman domain to the Atlantic Ocean and introduced Roman influence upon what is now France. His dramatic assassination on March 15, 44 BC initiated a second set of Roman civil wars, which led to the end of the Roman Republic and the start of the Roman Empire.

78. Which of the verbs in the text means "began", "started"?

79. What relative pronoun in the text is incorrect?

80. Which of the prepositions in the text is incorrect?

AUGUST LEVEL EXAMS

ELS 2017 / 2018

ANSWER KEY

ELS 2017 / 2018 August Level Exam (11th & 12th Grades)

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|---------------|----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. C | 2. B | 3. A | 4. D | 5. B | 6. A | 7. A | 8. E | 9. D | 10. B |
| 11. E | 12. A | 13. A | 14. B | 15. B | 16. C | 17. A | 18. C | 19. C | 20. B |
| 21. B | 22. C | 23. E | 24. A | 25. D | 26. A | 27. D | 28. C | 29. B | 30. E |
| 31. C | 32. C | 33. B | 34. E | 35. E | 36. C | 37. A | 38. D | 39. B | 40. A |
| 41. D | 42. C | 43. D | 44. A | 45. A | 46. B | 47. D | 48. C | 49. B | 50. E |
| 51. B | 52. E | 53. C | 54. A | 55. D | 56. C | 57. E | 58. D | 59. A | 60. D |
| 61. B | 62. D | 63. C | 64. C | 65. D | 66. B | 67. E | 68. D | 69. B | 70. E |
| 71. A | 72. A | 73. A | 74. B | 75. D | 76. C | 77. C | | | |
| 78. INITIATED | 79. WHOM | 80. UPON | | | | | | | |

ELS 2017 / 2018 August Level Exam (10 th Grade)

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|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. A | 2. C | 3. B | 4. B | 5. C | 6. D | 7. E | 8. A | 9. C | 10. B |
| 11. B | 12. D | 13. E | 14. C | 15. C | 16. D | 17. D | 18. E | 19. C | 20. A |
| 21. E | 22. B | 23. B | 24. C | 25. E | 26. C | 27. D | 28. A | 29. C | 30. E |
| 31. B | 32. E | 33. D | 34. B | 35. C | 36. D | 37. E | 38. A | 39. A | 40. C |

2017 / 2018 August ELS-WORKSHEETS (9 th Grade)

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|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1. D | 2. B | 3. A | 4. B | 5. A | 6. B | 7. C | 8. C | 9. A | 10. A |
| 11. B | 12. D | 13. C | 14. D | 15. C | 16. A | 17. A | 18. C | 19. B | 20. D |
| 21. B | 22. B | 23. A | 24. C | 25. A | 26. D | 27. C | 28. D | 29. A | 30. C |
| 31. A | 32. B | 33. D | 34. D | 35. A | 36. B | 37. B | 38. D | 39. A | 40. C |